REMARKS / ARGUMENTS

The present application includes pending claims 1-27, all of which have been rejected. The Applicant respectfully submits that the claims define patentable subject matter.

Claims 1-27 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,393,474, issued to Eichert, et al. (hereinafter, Eichert), in view of U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2002/0069278, issued to Forslow (hereinafter, Forslow). The Applicant respectfully traverses these rejections at least based on the following remarks.

I. Examiner's Response to Arguments

The Examiner states the following in the "Response to Arguments" section of the Final Office Action:

The argued feature of associating at least one policy with a particular one of access point roups reads upon Eichert et al. in view of Forslow as follows. Eichert et al. is disclosing a system of policy management in a network including multiple nodes. They disclose distributing policies for management to one or a group of network devices which are known in the art to provide connectivity to groups of users. Therefore, disclosing the limitation of "associating said at least one policy with a particular one of said access point groups." Forslow discusses a policy distributing process for a wireless local area network.

See the Final Office Action at page 2 (emphasis added). The Applicant points out that the first relevant claim limitation from Applicant's claim 1 is "a plurality of access point groups." As explained in the May 3, 2007 response, neither Forslow nor Eichert disclose a plurality of access point groups. More importantly, neither Forslow nor Eichert disclose associating a policy with a particular one of the access point groups. The Examiner is alleging that Eichert discloses "distributing policies for management to one or a group of network devices" (see bolded statement above. The Applicant respectfully disagrees. Eichert, on numerous occasions, states that a new policy, represented by an object file, is communicated only to a single device (not an access point group), and is used to define how the specific network device (not an access point group) should behave when confronted with a particular situation. See Eichert at col. 4, lines 1-8, as well as col. 12. lines 33-53. Forslow does not overcome the deficiencies of Eichert. Therefore, the Applicant maintains that the combination of Eichert and Forslow does not disclose or suggest at least the limitation of "associating said at least one policy with a particular one of said access point groups," as recited by the Applicant in independent claim 1.

REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 103

In order for a *prima facie* case of obviousness to be established, the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure ("MPEP") states the following:

First, there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to modify the reference or combine the teaching. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success. Finally, the prior art reference (or references when combined) must teach or suggest all the claim limitations. The teaching or suggestion to make the claimed combination and the reasonable expectation of success must both be found in the prior art, and not based on applicant's disclosure.

See MPEP at § 2142, citing *In re Vaeck*, 947 F.2d 488, 20 USPQ2d 1438 (Fed. Cir. 1991) (emphasis added). Further, MPEP § 2143.01 states that "the mere fact that references can be combined or modified does not render the resultant combination obvious unless the prior art suggests the desirability of the combination," and that "although a prior art device 'may be capable of being modified to run the way the apparatus is claimed, there must be a *suggestion or motivation in the reference* to do so" (citing In re Mills, 916 F.2d 680, 16 USPQ 2d 1430 (Fed. Cir. 1990)). Moreover, MPEP § 2143.01 also states that the level of ordinary skill in the art cannot be relied upon to provide the suggestion...," citing Al-Site Corp. v. VSI Int'l Inc., 174 F.3d 1308, 50 USPQ 2d 1161 (Fed. Cir. 1999). Additionally, if a *prima facie* case of obviousness is not established, the Applicant is under no obligation to submit evidence of nonobviousness.

The examiner bears the initial burden of factually supporting any prima facie conclusion of obviousness. If the examiner does not produce a prima facie case, the applicant is under no obligation to submit evidence of nonobviousness.

See MPEP at § 2142.

II. The Proposed Combination of Eichert and Forslow Does Not Render Claims 1-27 Unpatentable

The Applicant turns to the rejection of claims 1-27 as being unpatentable over Eichert in view of Forslow. The Applicant notes that the proposed combination of Eichert and Forslow forms the basis for all of the pending rejections.

A. Independent Claim 1

With regard to the rejection of independent claim 1 under 103(a), the Applicant submits that the combination of Eichert and Forslow does not disclose or suggest at least the limitation of "associating said at least one policy with a particular one of said access point groups," as recited by the Applicant in independent claim 1 (emphasis added). The Final Office Action states the following:

Eichert et al. discloses a method for hardware acceleration in a wired local area network, the method comprising:

associating said at least one policy with a particular one of said access point groups (policy is distributed to the different groups of network devices and end systems - Figures 1 and 3 - Column 4, Lines 1-18: Column 8. Lines 31-42 & 56-63):

See the Final Office Action at page 3. Initially, the Applicant points out that even though Eichert discloses a plurality of network devices in Figure 1, Eichert does not disclose or suggest a "plurality of access point groups." The Applicant further points out that Figures 1 and 3 of Eichert do not disclose or suggest

that a policy is associated with an access point group, as recited in Applicant's claim 1. For example, Figure 1 of Eichert illustrates a schematic diagram of a general network and its connected network devices. See Eichert, col. 6, lines 47-48. Furthermore, in order to implement the system policy, Eichert discloses that a network manager uses a single management station, such as the management station 100 of Figure 1, in order to specify policy for a network. See id. at Figure 1 and col. 2, lines 46-47.

Figure 3 of Eichert describes in greater detail how the management station 100 handles policies. For example, Eichert discloses that an active packet is created based on the input rules describing the policy. See id. at col. 8, lines 31-55 and Figure 3. After the active packet is created, encoded, and signed, the packet (or an instruction to retrieve the packet) is transferred to a network device. See id. Figure 3, step 370. In other words, Eichert handles policy processing by using active packets which are communicated by the management station to a network device. Eichert does not disclose a plurality of access point groups and associating policy with a particular one of the access point groups, as recited in Applicant's claim 1.

As shown above, neither Eichert nor Forslow teach or suggest "associating said at least one policy with a particular one of said access point groups," as recited by the Applicant in independent claim 1 Accordingly, the proposed combination of Eichert and Forslow does not render independent claim 1

unpatentable, and a *prima facie* case of obviousness has not been established. The Applicant submits that claim 1 is allowable. Independent claims 10 and 19 are similar in many respects to the method disclosed in independent claim 1. Therefore, the Applicant submits that independent claims 10 and 19 are also allowable over the references cited in the Office Action at least for the reasons stated above with regard to claim 1.

B. Rejection of Dependent Claims 2-9, 11-18 and 20-27

Based on at least the foregoing, the Applicant believes the rejection of independent claims 1, 10 and 19 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eichert in view of Forslow has been overcome and requests that the rejection be withdrawn. Additionally, claims 2-9, 11-18 and 20-27 depend from independent claims 1, 10 and 19, respectively, and are, consequently, also respectfully submitted to be allowable.

The Applicant also reserves the right to argue additional reasons beyond those set forth above to support the allowability of claims 2-9, 11-18 and 20-27.

Application No. 10/657,942
Reply to Office Action of July 13, 2007

CONCLUSION

Based on at least the foregoing, the Applicant believes that all claims 1-27

are in condition for allowance. If the Examiner disagrees, the Applicant

respectfully requests a telephone interview, and requests that the Examiner

telephone the undersigned Attorney at (312) 775-8176.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees or

credit any overpayment to the deposit account of McAndrews, Held & Malloy, Ltd.,

Account No. 13-0017

A Notice of Allowability is courteously solicited.

Respectfully submitted.

Date: 13-SEP-2007

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